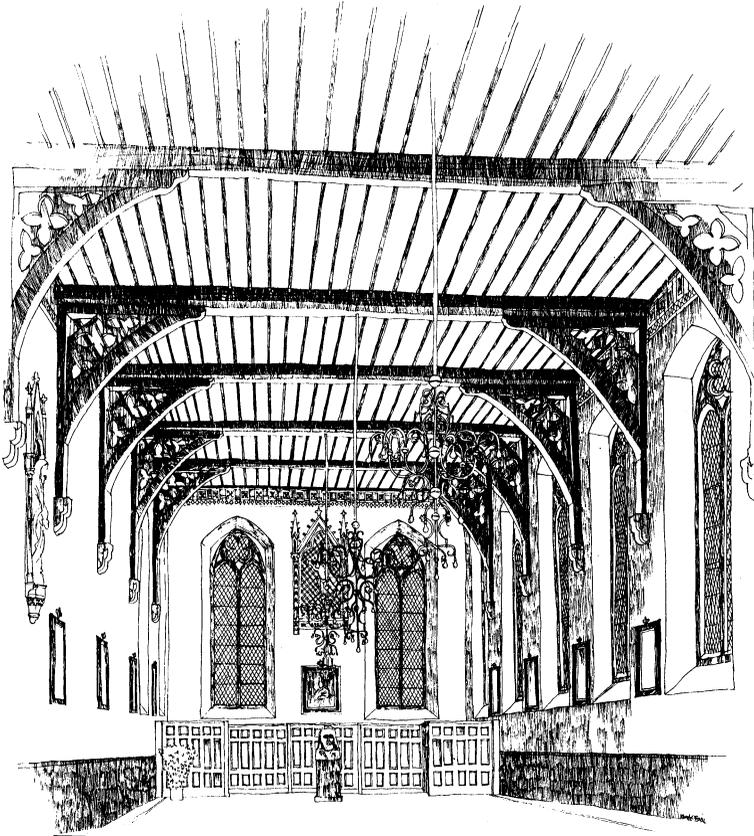


Chapter IX

SEMINARY



Pugin Hall is the principal Dining Room at Saint Patrick's College, Maynooth

Classpiece 2018

St. Patrick's College Maynooth ✧ 2018



Tony O'Donnell
Dean and Canon



Peter Connolly
Chaplain



Liam O'Leary, OSBD
Professor of Liturgy



Gerard Gleeson
Canon



Joseph Connors
OSA



John Ryan
SAC



Glenn Sturgeon
Rector



Glenn Suttan
Rector and Legate



Gerard O'Leary
SVD



Robert Smyth
OSA



Jim De Coo
SAC



Kelly O'Connell
Canon



Fr. Michael O'Sullivan
Director

'If any one serves me, he must follow me;
and where I am,
there shall my servant be also.'
John 12:26



The Holysee
Pope Francis



21-26 AUGUST 2018



Archbishop
Charles Chaka
Dumbutshwa



Fr. Kevin Dunne
Rector of Plassey

Ordination to the Priesthood

Martin Shanahan, Diocese of Killaloe

Sunday, 3rd June 2018, St. Mary's Church, Mullagh, Co. Clare

Celebrant: Most Reverend Fintan Monahan, Bishop of Killaloe

Anthony McAleese, Diocese of Down & Connor

Sunday, 17th June 2018, Church of Saint Vincent de Paul, Ligoniel, Belfast

Celebrant: Most Reverend Noel Treanor, Bishop of Down & Connor

Gerard Quirke, Diocese of Tuam

Sunday, 3rd June 2018 Cathedral of the Assumption, Tuam

Celebrant: Most Reverend Michael Neary, Archbishop of Tuam

Ordination to Diaconate

College Chapel

Sunday, 27th May 2018

by Most Reverend Diarmuid Martin, Archbishop of Dublin

Fergal Cummins, Meath

Ricky O'Connor, Ferns

Yanbo Chen, Divine Word Missionary

Gerhard Osthues, Divine Word Missionary

Cathedral Ennis.

Sunday 26th of November 2017

By Most Reverend Fintan Monahan, Bishop of Killaloe

Martin Shanahan, Killaloe

Admission to Candidacy for Ordination as Deacon and Priest

Thursday, 8th November 2017
**Reverend Prof Michael Mullaney, President, St Patrick's College,
Maynooth**

Martin Shanahan, Killaloe

Friday 7th December 2017 Reverend Prof Michael Mullaney,
President, St Patrick's College, Maynooth

Ricky O'Connor, Ferns

Ministry of Acolyte

St Mary's Oratory, St Patrick's College, Maynooth
Thursday, 22nd February 2018
Most Reverend, Eamonn Walsh: Auxiliary Bishop of Dublin

John Acton, Galway
Liwei Huang, Divine Word Missionary
Joseph Mensah, Divine Word Missionary
Mark Moriarty, Kerry
Clement Narcher, Divine Word Missionary
Antun Pasalic, Killaloe
Stephen Wilson, Armagh

Ministry of Reader

St Mary's Oratory
Thursday, 15th February 2018
Most Reverend Ray Field, Auxiliary Bishop of Dublin

Anthony Hartnett, Raphoe
Killan Heney, Cashel And Emly
Sean Hickey, Ossory
Liwei Huang, Divine Word Missionary
Joseph Mensah, Divine Word Missionary
Clement Narcher, Divine Word Missionary

Matricula

*Nomina eorum qui in anno academico MMXVII– MMXVIII diebus
infradictis in album academicum Seminarii sunt relati ad ordinem
classium digesta.*

In Schola Theologiae Prima, die 12 Septembris 2017

ACTON John, Galway
DIACHUK Mykola, Ivano-Francivsk (Ukraine)
HUANG, Liwei, SVD
MENSAH Joseph, SVD
MORIARTY Mark, Kerry
NARCHER Clement, SVD
PASALIC Antun, Killaloe
WILSON Stephen, Armagh

In Schola Philosophiae et Artium Prima, die 27 Augusti 2017

DYKSY David, Killaloe
HODNETT David, Cork & Ross
MACGABHANN Jordan, Kilmore
O'FARRELL Mark, Waterford & Lismore
ROCHE Matthew, Elphin
SMITH Neal, Tuam

Diocesan Students 2017-2018

The following is the list of seminarians that attended Saint Patrick's College during the last academic year.

Armagh

Wilson, Stephen.....I Divinity
Marshall, Brendan.....III Arts

Cashel & Emly

Heney, KilianII H Dip in Philosophy

Clogher

Trehy, PaulIII Divinity

Cork & Ross

Dilworth, Mark.....II Dip in Philosophy
Sheehan, Ronan.....II Divinity
Hodnett, David.....I Dip in Philosophy

Down and Connor

McAleese, Anthony.....IV Divinity
Quinn, Christopher.....II Divinity

Elphin

Roche, Matthew... I Dip in Philosophy

Ferns

O Connor, Ricky... III Divinity

Galway

Acton, JohnI Divinity

Kerry

Moriarty, Mark.....I Divinity

Kildare & Leighlin

Baldwin, Darren.....IV Divinity
Habimana Peter.....II Arts

Killaloe

Pasalic, AntunI Divinity

Shanahan, Martin II Divinity
 O'Brien, Aidan..... II Arts
 Dyksy, David I Dip in Philosophy

Kilmore

Small, Thomas..... II Divinity
 Macgabhann, Jordan I Dip in Philosophy

Meath

Cummins, Fergal..... IV Divinity
 Connolly, Kevin..... IV Divinity

Ossory

Hickey, Sean II Dip in Philosophy

Raphoe

Hartnett, Anthony..... II Arts

Tuam

Smith, Neal..... I Dip in Philosophy
 Quirke, Gerard IV Divinity
 Armstrong, Ronan..... III Arts
 Costello, Shane..... II Divinity
 Hartnett, Pio III Arts

Waterford & Lismore

O'Farrell, Mark I Dip in Philosophy

The College Chapel Choir

Director of Sacred Music: John O’Keeffe, PhD, HDE, LTCL

The College Chapel Choir assists at college liturgies on Sundays and feast days. Its repertoire includes Gregorian Chant and native Irish religious music, in addition to sacred polyphony from both eastern and western Christian traditions. The choir has a membership of around twenty clerical students, and practices twice weekly. Admission is by audition.

All seminarians are involved to a significant degree in preparation, practice and reflection on music in the liturgy. The input given to the whole seminary community is outlined on the following pages.

History of Music in Maynooth

Music was established on a formal basis in the college with the appointment of the first *Professor of Church Chant and Organ* in 1888, in the person of the German scholar-priest, Heinrich Beyerunge of the diocese of Paderborn.

Fr Beyerunge was a prominent Cecelian – a movement that aimed to restore Gregorian Chant following its neglect in the 19th Century. He was also an internationally regarded scholar who established in Maynooth a rich tradition of plainchant and polyphony, some key elements of which continue to be woven into the seminary’s annual liturgical cycle.

Beyerunge's influence was a formidable one, not only in the College, but also in the general musical life of the country. He established the seminary choir to very exacting standards of performance, and equipped the College Library with the most scholarly music editions of the day. In addition, he wrote voluminously on all the musico-philosophic subjects of the time.

The maintenance and development of a rich tradition of liturgical music is accorded great importance in Maynooth. *Feasts and Seasons*, a collection of appropriate vernacular music for the liturgical year, and available in book and CD, is widely used throughout the country by parish congregations and choirs. It represents a sampling of new liturgical material continually being developed in the National Seminary to sustain and enrich liturgical worship.

Music in the Liturgy

Director of Sacred Music: John O’Keeffe, PhD, HDE, LTCL

Seminary Community
24 hours

This course initiates the students into an appreciation of the richness of musical expression of the Church’s rites, principally the Eucharist and Liturgy of the Hours. This is done through the various sung texts associated with the roles of presider, assembly, choir, cantor, etc. It does so in the context of the graduated unfolding of the college year and provides a necessary weekly forum for preparation and reflection on music in the liturgy. The rites themselves, the range of presiders and the liturgy group structure ensures a rich and varied liturgical experience in the course of a year.

Throughout the course their principal role as participating members of the assembly and its importance to the community is emphasised. As the year progresses and they grow in confidence, and as the community need arises, students will be trained to make more specific contributions as choir-members, cantors, psalmists or instrumentalists.

Music in the Eucharist:

Ordinary

- Mass settings in English
 - Bodley
 - O’Carroll
 - ‘Ourdes’
 - Feeley
 - Lawton
 - McCann
 - Sexton
 - O’Keeffe
 - McMillan
 - Roman Missal (sung dialogues)
 - Apostles’ Creed
- Mass settings in Irish – text and music
 - Excerpts from Ó Riada, McDonagh, Ahern, Ó Canainn
 - *An Ghlóir* and *Ár nAthair*
- Mass settings in Latin
 - Excerpts from Gregorian Mass XVIII, VIII, XIII
 - Credo III
 - Jubilee Mass

Proper

- Psalms, antiphons, hymns and other sung texts associated with specific celebrations are introduced and rehearsed
- Scriptural and liturgical significance of the various texts are highlighted and contextualised
- Students are prepared here for full musical participation in the seasons of:
 - Advent
 - Lent
 - Holy Week
 - Easter

Music in the Liturgy of the Hours:

- Students are introduced to the various sung elements of the Liturgy of the Hours
- The connection between liturgical purpose and musical expression of individual elements is explained:
 - Introduction
 - Hymn
 - Psalm
 - Antiphon
 - Responsory
 - Canticle
- The night prayer anthems to Our Lady are all encountered in the course of the college year:
 - Salve Regina
 - Alma Redemptoris
 - Ave Regina
 - Regina Caeli
- As the year progresses, students will participate more fully in this important aspect of Christian liturgy, taking up roles as cantors for Sunday or feast-day offices.

General Regulations for the Entrance of Clerical Students

Each candidate is required to present the following to the President of the College:

- A Letter of Nomination from his Bishop.

A Certificate of Baptism

- A Certificate of Confirmation
- A character reference from his Parish Priest
- Two character and general assessment reports - one academic and the other from his most recent employer.

Academic Requirements:

- Where applicable, a candidate must ensure that his final examination results are sent by the principal of his school to the President of Saint Patrick's College, Maynooth at least two weeks before the date of entry.
- All candidates for Maynooth University Courses must fulfil the registration and matriculation requirements of Maynooth University.
- Candidates for the First Year University Class should have applied for University entry through the Central Applications Office. All applicants must be eighteen years of age at the point of entry.
- Candidates for the Diploma in Philosophy and Arts require a pass-grade (A-D) in five subjects in the Leaving certificate or its equivalent, of which three qualify as academic subjects in the MU syllabus.
- Students who do not have Leaving Certificate Latin or its equivalent must take a two-year Latin course before they proceed to the study of Theology.

All candidates for admission to Saint Patrick's College, Maynooth as seminarians are required to comply with the regulations set out in the official *List of Requirements*, copies of which may be had on application to the candidate's Bishop.



Further information is available from:
The President's Office
Saint Patrick's College

E-mail: President@spcm.ie
Web Page: www.MaynoothCollege.ie
Telephone:

Fax:

Ireland: 01-708-3958

Ireland: 01-708-3959

International: +353-1-708-3958

International: +353-1-708-3959

Seminary Formation Programme



“It is true that God has made his entire holy people a royal priesthood in Christ. Nevertheless, our great Priest himself, Jesus Christ, chose certain disciples to carry out publicly in his name, and on behalf of mankind, a priestly office in the Church. For Christ was sent by the Father and he in turn sent the Apostles into the world, so that through them and their successors, the Bishops, he might continue to exercise his office of Teacher, Priest, and Shepherd. Indeed,

priests are established co-workers of the Order of Bishops, with whom they are joined in the priestly office and with whom they are called to the service of the people of God.”

HOMILY OF POPE FRANCIS

PRIESTLY ORDINATIONS

Vatican

Fourth Sunday of Easter, 21 April 2013

There are four main areas in the formation programme for seminarians in Maynooth:

- Human Formation
- Spiritual Formation
- Intellectual Formation
- Pastoral Formation

I. Human Formation Programme

The human formation of the priest shows its special importance when related to the receivers of the mission: in order that his ministry may be humanly as credible and acceptable as possible, it is important that the priest should mould his human personality in such a way that it becomes a bridge and not an obstacle for others in their meeting with Jesus Christ..... [Pope John Paul II, Pastores Dabo Vobis. On the Formation of Priests #43]

The human formation programme is a foundation for and an essential constituent of the overall formation programme and is closely inter linked with academic, pastoral and spiritual formation. Its overall aim is to enable the student to grow in inner freedom, so that he is more able to give himself to the love and service of God and his people.

The programme strives to cultivate human qualities that enable the student to be a bridge and not an obstacle for others in their meeting with Jesus Christ. In practice this means fostering development in a number of areas, including the following:

- self-identity: self-understanding, self-acceptance and a healthy self-esteem make for greater generosity in love and service of others
- the capacity to relate in a mature and warm way
- integration of one's emotional needs and desires
- mature attitudes to one's sexuality and a willingness to embrace a healthy celibate lifestyle
- the capacity to take initiatives and assume leadership roles in a confident and assured way, avoiding rigidity of attitudes
- the capacity for self-transcendence and renunciation and the ability to embrace the sacrifices and self-denial that a life of service entails.

Elements of the Human Formation Programme:

- The human formation programme assumes "the absolute primacy of grace in vocation" [PDV #34,36].
- The programme endeavours to take account of the particular life experience of each student so as to serve his best interest and enable him to build upon his strengths while acknowledging his weaknesses.

- Personal responsibility for growth to Christian maturity is the bedrock of the programme, requiring the student to be an active agent in his own formation. Encouragement and challenge are offered through the community life he lives and through his frequent interactions with his Director of Formation, his Spiritual Director and his Pastoral Director. Regular meetings between the student and his Director of Formation provide an opportunity for periodic evaluation of a student's formation journey while in seminary.
- In order to address with greater objectivity his own strengths and weaknesses, each student is encouraged to meet with the Vocational Growth Counsellor, a full-time position in the College. Many students take vocational growth counselling of their own choice, while some may be encouraged to do so by those involved in other areas of their formation. In all cases, these meetings require the consent of the student and are treated confidentially. Vocational growth counselling offers the student a unique opportunity to ensure that he is humanly as prepared as possible for the work to which he is called.
- Psychological assessments can make a positive contribution to a student's growth in his formation journey, especially when development appears to be at a standstill. Many students profit through this type of assessment as it can help locate emotional blockages and indicate ways forward. Psychological assessments are intended as a help to the student and an opportunity for growth. Many dioceses require a psychological assessment of those who apply for entry into the seminary. In all cases the psychological assessment takes its place alongside the assessments of other people concerned with the student or prospective student.
- As holistic development is emotional, spiritual, intellectual, physical and aesthetic, the student is encouraged to participate in the various facets of life on campus - debating, music, student literary productions, film and theatre, conferences and lectures, sporting and leisure facilities, societies, etc.

II. Spiritual Formation Programme

Spiritual formation.....should be conducted in such a way that the students may learn to live in intimate and unceasing union with God the Father through his Son Jesus Christ in the Holy Spirit. Those who are to take on the likeness of Christ the priest by sacred ordination should form the habit of drawing close to him as friends in every detail of their lives. [Vatican Council II, Optatum Totius. On the Training of Priests #8]

The spiritual formation programme strives to enable the student "to take on the likeness of Christ" the Good Shepherd. The journey into God, of which seminary formation is a stage, has its beginnings in baptism, is life-long, under the influence of the Holy Spirit.

Spiritual formation encourages a student in a way of Christian living that involves interior discipline and self-sacrifice. This leaves him free and willing to undertake obedience, celibacy and simplicity of life-style, understanding their value and importance in the life of the priest.

"The spiritual life is, indeed, an interior life, a life of intimacy with God, a life of prayer and contemplation. But this very meeting with God, and with his fatherly love for everyone, brings us face to face with the need to meet our neighbour, to give ourselves to others...following the example which Jesus has proposed to everyone as a programme of life when he washed the feet of the apostles : 'I have given you an example, that you should also do as I have done to you'".
[PDV #49]

Elements of the Spiritual Formation Programme:

During his time in the seminary the spiritual formation of the student is helped and supported in various ways. The daily timetable is structured to give special emphasis to community prayer. The Liturgy of the Hours is celebrated communally morning and evening (and at the end of the day for Junior students) in each of the oratories in the seminary. The Eucharist, 'the essential moment of the day' [PDV#48], is celebrated daily in the oratories, except on Sundays and major feast days when the whole community gathers around the Lord's table in the College Chapel. The oratories and the College Chapel also provide the quiet space the student is encouraged to seek each day for personal prayer. Each morning there is a period of meditation following morning prayer. Students are encouraged to avail regularly of the Sacrament of Reconciliation. Penitential Services during the year help to deepen a student's understanding and appreciation of the sacrament.

To facilitate his own spiritual growth, each student is required to meet regularly on an individual basis with his Spiritual Director. Spiritual direction is a key element in the student's spiritual formation at every stage, and the special task of the Spiritual Director is the formation of the student in prayer. Prayer and spiritual direction allow the student to connect and bring together the different strands of life - human, intellectual, pastoral and spiritual, and relate them to his own personal journey to God. Through it he is helped and encouraged to recognise and articulate for himself how the Spirit of God continues to challenge him in his daily life. This enables him to discern his way forward and draw close to Christ in order to put on his likeness, always keeping in mind the leadership role of the diocesan priest in the Christian community. In his mission the priest

'continues Christ's work as Teacher, Priest and Shepherd'.....and 'his ministryis to make Christ's body, the Church, grow into the people of God.....'. [Rite of Ordination of Priests].

Through talks, conferences, group meetings and courses conducted over the year by resident Spiritual Directors, members of staff and visiting lecturers, the student's knowledge of the spiritual life is enriched and deepened. A student's studies, particularly in such areas as Sacred Scripture, liturgy and the theology of spirituality, also help in nurturing his spiritual life.

Retreats and Days of Recollection, in-house and at selected retreat centres, spread over the seminary year, allow the student more prolonged periods of prayer and reflection. In his first and second theology years a student is introduced to the directed retreat. Three three-day retreats and four days of recollection spread over the seminary year create the space and the silence, which are necessary for prayer, reflection and growth in the spiritual life. The retreats take place at the beginning of the seminary year in September, after the Christmas holidays and over the last days of Holy Week. The four days of recollection are at the beginning of November, the first Sunday of Advent, the beginning of Lent and coming up to the end-of-year examinations.

Through his active participation in the liturgy over the seasons of the Church's year, and through a comprehensive course in Liturgy and Sacramental Theology, a student deepens his awareness of 'the Paschal Mystery of Jesus Christ who died and rose again and is present and active in the Church's sacraments' [PDV #48]. In this way he is helped to prepare for the role of the priest in the liturgical assembly.

The Ministries of Reader and of Acolyte and Admission to Candidacy for Ordination as Deacon and Priest mark significant stages in a student's time in the seminary. The Ministry of Reader (normally conferred during a student's second year) appoints him to read the Word of God in the liturgical assembly. The Ministry of Acolyte (normally conferred during the first theology year) calls him to a special service of the altar and of the Lord's Body and Blood. Admission to Candidacy for Ordination as Deacon and Priest is both a public declaration of a student's intention to give himself for the service of Christ and of his Church and the Church's call to him to prepare himself for this ministry. This personal response to the call to service culminates in his ordination to the Diaconate (which usually takes place in the College Chapel at Easter of his third theology year) and in his Ordination to the priesthood (which normally takes place in the diocese in which he will serve).

III. Intellectual Formation Programme

The commitment to study, which takes up no small part of the time of those preparing for priesthood, is not in fact an external and secondary dimension of their human, Christian, spiritual and vocational growth. In reality, through study, especially the study of theology, the future priest assents to the word of God, grows in his spiritual life and prepares himself to fulfil his pastoral ministry. [PDV#51]

Intellectual formation is an important area in the preparation of the seminarian as a minister of the Gospel. He must grow in his knowledge and understanding of the faith that he professes and is to proclaim. But if he is to prepare himself as an effective preacher of this faith, he must also develop his knowledge and understanding both of the human person to whom the Gospel is addressed and of the world or the culture in which it is to be preached and lived. Hence the importance of the academic studies that contribute to the seminarian's intellectual formation.

Philosophy

Philosophy is studied during the earlier part of the course and is usually accompanied by the study of some arts or science subjects. Philosophy leads the student to an understanding of the human person and the significance of human life, of the place of the person in relation to reality, and of the fate of the person. It nurtures an appreciation of human thought through the ages and in different cultural contexts. In its own right it is an autonomous and ancient discipline, but it also has an important relationship with theology, which in various ways depends on it and shares many questions with it. The proper intellectual formation of the seminarian and the study of theology require a knowledge of philosophy, and this is best pursued before he takes up his theology course.

The subjects in arts and science taken by the student alongside his philosophy studies contribute in their different ways to the broadening of the mind, the deepening of cultural appreciation, and the sharpening of intellectual interest. These qualities in the longer term help to equip the future priest for his ministry, and more immediately, prepare him for the broad range of studies that he will encounter in his theology course.

Seminarians entering first year have three options:

- Students who matriculate may do a three-year degree course in the *National University of Ireland, Maynooth (NUIM)* in either arts, philosophy, celtic studies or science. In either course, a wide range of subjects is available from which to choose. Seminarians are required to study philosophy as a subject to degree level. Aspirants for the priesthood who are precluded by their studies (e.g. Science, Celtic

Studies) are required to take the One Year Diploma in Philosophy after their degree.

- Students who have not matriculated but have reached a pass grade (A - D) in at least five subjects in the Leaving Certificate or its equivalent, of which three qualify as academic subjects in the *NUI* matriculation syllabus, are required to do a two-year non-degree Seminarist course in Philosophy and Arts. Students who complete the course successfully receive a diploma, and those who reach a higher standard may be recommended for a degree course (BD) in Theology.
- A one-year diploma course in philosophy from the *National University of Ireland, Maynooth* is available to mature students entering the seminary. This course is particularly suitable for students who are already graduates of a third-level college.

Theology

Faith seeks understanding, and this understanding is the task and the goal of theology. Hence, so as to be able "to account for the hope that is in you" (1Pet 3:15), each seminarian is required to take a full course in theology. The study of theology helps the student to develop his knowledge of all that pertains to the Gospel, to penetrate more deeply into its meaning, and so to grow in his love for God, for the Church, and for all those redeemed by Jesus Christ. It encourages him as a believer to ask questions about his own faith in order to reach a more profound understanding of the faith itself. In this way faith and mature reflection are intimately connected in his theological study.

In addition, as one preparing to be a minister of the Word, the student needs an ever-deeper knowledge of the presence of God in our world. He will need to serve with the assurance of faith a society that is at times marked by religious indifference and by fresh problems and questions brought up by scientific and technological discussions. Through the study of theology the student will be enabled to proclaim the Gospel of Christ and to make it credible to the legitimate demands of human reason and of changing culture.

Proclamation of the Word of God

As the proclamation of the Word of God is a central part of a priest's ministry each student is offered a comprehensive programme of speech training and homiletics throughout his time in seminary. In the earlier part of his course the emphasis is on public speaking. This is a two-year programme directed by a trained speech tutor. During his first two years in seminary each student is assigned to a small group which meets each week with the tutor, and he is given practical experience at developing his communication skills in a supportive, yet challenging environment. The student takes the end-of-course examination laid down by *The Leinster School of Music*.

In his theology years the emphasis shifts more specifically to the proclamation of the Word of God. While the training is nourished and informed by the content of theological studies, the approach is again practical. It includes preparing and delivering homilies, allowing for regular appraisal and evaluation of one's style of delivery, content, etc. The programme helps the student to develop the skills and all the professional competence necessary to preach the Word of God. A full-time member of staff directs the programme.

IV. Pastoral Formation Programme

The whole formation imparted to candidates for the priesthood aims at preparing them to enter into communion with the charity of Christ the Good Shepherd. Hence, their formation in its different aspects must have a fundamentally pastoral character. [PDV #57]

The pastoral formation programme aims to prepare students for pastoral ministry. Throughout his time in the seminary the student will be an active participant in a co-ordinated pastoral programme that provides practical experience, reflection and participative learning.

Elements of the Pastoral Formation Programme:

A series of pastoral placements introduce the student to diverse and increasingly demanding pastoral situations. This is preceded by appropriate preparation and supported throughout by regular supervision. The development of each one's skills is enhanced through participation in group-work, making possible mature theological reflection on his experience. The ultimate aim of the programme is the fostering of the gifts necessary for a ministry of service.

The seminary which educates must seek really and truly to initiate the candidate into the sensitivity of being a shepherd, in the conscious and mature assumption of his responsibilities, in the interior habit of evaluating problems and establishing priorities, and looking for solutions on the basis of honest motivations of faith and according to the theological demands inherent in pastoral work. [PDV #58]

The structure of the pastoral programme is cumulative, both in terms of the degree of difficulty of the placement and the depth of subsequent analysis of the pastoral experience itself. The student is offered a gradual introduction (Module 1), culminating in a full year of pastoral experience and learning (Module 4). The programme aims to be existential, integrating, proportionate and supported.

Placements and the reflection on pastoral experience occur between October and Easter each year. Prior preparation takes place as required by the nature of the

placement. Placements are supported by the help of a contact person *in situ*. Analysis and reflection occur in a group format with peers, facilitated by a trained member of the *Irish Association of Pastoral Formation*. This format aims at enabling each participant to reflect constructively on his field placement, to recognise and affirm his unique gifts and to identify and articulate areas of personal and professional growth. It also encourages a student to integrate his theological education with his pastoral practice and to become aware of the ways in which his ministry affects others.

The pastoral programme offered by the College does not confine itself to the academic year. Students are encouraged to use some of their time away from the seminary, particularly during their summer holiday, to broaden their pastoral experience. Placements within a student's own diocese can be of particular value and recognition of this work is given in the overall assessment of the student. The particular placements are chosen through consultation between the student, his Director of Formation and a contact person in the diocese with the specific needs of the particular student in mind.

The Structure of the Pastoral Programme

The programme throughout the College year is divided into four modules.

Module I

The student is gradually introduced to pastoral work through a pastoral placement, which he attends on a regular basis and in which he is supported by an on-site contact person.

Module II

The student attends his placement weekly and presents a *pastoral event report* to his *pastoral group meeting*: each student presents one report to the group for reflective analysis.

Module III

The placement visit occurs weekly and there is a weekly *pastoral reflection meeting*: on two occasions throughout the year, each student presents a verbatim to the group for theological reflection and analysis.

Module IV

Usually undertaken in the Second Theology or final year, the student completes a Diploma in Pastoral Studies.

Horarium

Sunday

7.45- 8.20 a.m.	Morning Prayer and Meditation
9.30 a.m.	Mass
10:00 p.m.	Night Prayer

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday & Friday

7.00- 7.35 a.m.	Morning Prayer and Meditation
7.45 a.m.	Mass
9.05 a.m.	Classes Commence
6.10 p.m.	Evening Prayer followed by Rosary, (on Wednesday evening prayer is held in Liturgy groups)
7.15-7.45 p.m.	Spiritual Reading for first years (on Tuesdays meeting with Spiritual Directors
9.00p.m.	Adoration (Monday, Wednesday, Friday)
9.45 p.m.	Night Prayer

Thursday

The horarium for Thursday is similar to the other weekdays with the following exceptions.

7.45- 8.20 a.m.	Morning Prayer and Meditation
6.10 p.m.	Mass
7.15p.m.	Diocesan gatherings and Evening Prayer

Saturday

8.00 a.m.	Mass
7.30 p.m.	Evening Prayer & Adoration
9.00 p.m.	Night Prayer and Benediction